

Personal Computer Hardware Reference Library

IBM Binary Synchronous Communications Adapter

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Description

The IBM Binary Synchronous Communications (BSC) Adapter provides an RS-232C-compatible communications interface for the IBM Personal Computer family of products. All system control, voltage, and data signals are provided through a 2- by 31-position card-edge connector. External interface is in the form of Electronic Industries Association (EIA) drivers and receivers connected to an RS-232C, standard 25-pin, D-shell connector.

The adapter is programmed to operate in a binary synchronous mode. Maximum transmission rate is 9600 bits per second (bps). The main feature of the adapter is an Intel 8251A Universal Synchronous/Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (USART). An Intel 8255A-5 Programmable Peripheral Interface (PPI) also is used for expanded modem operation, and an Intel 8253-5 Programmable Interval Timer provides time-outs and generates interrupts.

The following is a block diagram of the BSC adapter.



BSC Adapter Block Diagram

Programming Considerations

Before starting data transmission or reception, the system unit programs the BSC adapter to define control and gating ports, timer functions and counts, and the communications environment.

Typical Programming Sequence

The 8255A-5 Programmable Peripheral Interface (PPI) is set for the proper mode by selecting address hex 3A3 and writing the control word. This defines port A as an input, port B as an output for modem control and gating, and port C for 4-bit input and 4-bit output. An output to port C sets the adapter to the wrap mode, disallows interrupts, and gates external clocks (address = hex 3A2, data = hex 0D). The adapter is now isolated from the communication interface, and setup continues.

Bit 4 of the PPI's port B brings the USART reset pin high, holds it, then drops it. This resets the internal registers of the USART.



The PPI's port assignments are as follows:

The USART uses the 8253-5 Programmable Interval Timer (PIT) in the synchronous mode for inactivity time-outs to interrupt the system unit after a preselected amount of time has elapsed from the start of a communication operation. Counter 0 is not used for synchronous operation. Counters 1 and 2 connect to

interrupt-level 4 and, being programmed to terminal-count values, provide the desired time delay before generating a level-4 interrupt. These interrupts signal the system that a predetermined amount of time has elapsed without a TxRDY (level 4) or an RxRDY (level 3) interrupt being sent to the system unit.

USART Programming

After the support devices on the BSC adapter are programmed, the USART is loaded with a set of control words that defines the communication environment. The control words consist of mode instructions and command instructions.

Both the mode and command instructions must conform to a specified sequence for proper device operation. The mode instruction must be inserted immediately after a reset operation before using the USART for data communications. The required synchronization characters for the defined communication technique are then loaded into the USART (usually hex 32 for BSC). All control words written to the USART after the mode instruction will load the command instruction. Command instructions can be written to the USART in the data block any time during its operation.

To return to the mode instruction, the master reset bit in the command instruction word is set to start an internal reset operation, which places the USART back into the mode instruction. Command instructions must follow the mode instructions or synchronization characters. The following represents a typical data block and shows the mode instruction and command instruction.



Typical Data Block

The following are the communications interrupt levels.

- Interrupt level 4
 - Transmit
 - Timer 1
 - Timer 2
- Interrupt level 3
 - Receive

The following are device addresses.

| Hex Address | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|--------|----------------|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|
| Primary | Alternate | Device | Register Name | Function | | | |
| 3A0 | 380 | 8255 | Port A Data | Internal/External Sensing | | Internal/External Sensing | |
| 3A1 | 381 | 8255 | Port B Data | External Modem Interface | | External Modem Interface | |
| 3A2 | 382 | 8255 | Port C Data | Internal Control | | Internal Control | |
| 3A3 | 383 | 8255 | Mode Set | 8255 Mode Initialization | | | |
| 3A4 | 384 | 8253 | Counter 0 LSB | Not Used in Sync. Mode | | | |
| 3A4 | 384 | 8253 | Counter 0 MSB | Not Used in Sync. Mode | | Not Used in Sync. Mode | |
| 3A5 | 385 | 8253 | Counter 1 LSB | Inactivity Time Outs | | Inactivity Time Outs | |
| 3A5 | 385 | 8253 | Counter 1 MSB | Inactivity Time Outs | | Inactivity Time Outs | |
| 3A6 | 386 | 8253 | Counter 2 LSB | Inactivity Time Outs | | | |
| 3A6 | 385 | 8253 | Counter 2 MSB | Inactivity Time Outs | | | |
| 3A7 | 387 | 8253 | Mode Register | 8253 Mode Set | | 8253 Mode Set | |
| 3A8 | 388 | 8251 | Data Select | Data | | | |
| 3A9 | 389 | 8251 | Command/Status | USART Status | | | |

Device Address Summary

Interface

The IBM Binary Synchronous Communications Adapter conforms to interface signal levels standardized by the Electronic Industries Association (EIA) RS-232C Standard. The following figure shows these levels.



Interface Voltage Levels

Pins 11, 18, and 25 on the interface connector are not standardized by the EIA. These lines are designated as 'select standby,' 'test,' and 'test indicate.' 'Select standby' is used to support the switched network backup facility of a modem that provides this option. 'Test' and 'test indicate' support a modem wrap function on modems designated for business-machine, controlled-modem wraps.

Specifications



| | Signal Name — Description | Pin | |
|----------|-----------------------------------|-----|----------------|
| | No Connection | 1 | |
| | Transmitted Data | 2 | |
| | Received Data | 3 |] |
| | Request to Send | 4 | |
| | Clear to Send | 5 | |
| | Data Set Ready | 6 | |
| | Signal Ground | 7 | |
| | Received Line Signal Detector | 8 | |
| | No Connection | 9 | |
| | No Connection | 10 | Binary |
| External | Select Standby * | 11 | Synchronous |
| Device | No Connection | 12 | Communications |
| | No Connection | 13 | Adapter |
| | No Connection | 14 | |
| | Transmitter Signal Element Timing | 15 | |
| | No Connection | 16 | |
| | Receiver Signal Element Timing | 17 | |
| | Test (IBM Modems Only)* | 18 | |
| | No Connection | 19 | |
| | Data Terminal Ready | 20 | |
| | No Connection | 21 | |
| | Ring Indicator | 22 | |
| | Data Signal Rate Selector | 23 | |
| | No Connection | 24 | |
| | Test Indicate (IBM Modems Only)* | 25 | |
| | | | |

*Not standardized by EIA (Electronic Industries Association).

Connector Specifications

Logic Diagrams







Binary Synchronous Communications Adapter (Sheet 2 of 2)

